

POSTER PRESENTATION

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# Ex vivo conditioning with IL-12 decreases T cell sensitivity to intratumoral INF- $\gamma$ -induced apoptosis following adoptive transfer

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## Background

In order to induce significant tumor regression T cells must effectively recognize and kill target cells. Secretion of IFN- $\gamma$  is considered a key effector function of activated CD8<sup>+</sup> T cells via induction of apoptosis. Thus programming T cells to secrete high levels of IFN- $\gamma$  after adoptive transfer could represent a therapeutically effective anti-cancer intervention.

## Methods

We previously demonstrated that naïve CD8<sup>+</sup> T cells exposed to IL-12 during antigenic priming (Pmel<sup>Ag+12</sup>) provided superior anti-tumor activity after transfer when compared to cells activated in the presence of antigen alone (Pmel<sup>Ag</sup>). In this setting, tumor regression was associated with sustained levels of intra-tumoral IFN- $\gamma$ . Expression analysis using total tumor RNA showed elevated expression of IFN- $\gamma$  responsive genes such as IP-10, MCP-1, MIG, and MIP-1 $\alpha$ . Even without IL-12 stimulation during *ex vivo* antigenic priming, Pmel cells were able to initially reach the tumor and secrete high levels of IFN- $\gamma$ . However, by day 7 after adoptive transfer tumors in mice that received Pmel<sup>Ag</sup> were significantly larger than those in mice injected with Pmel<sup>Ag+12</sup>. Failure to maintain intra-tumoral levels of IFN- $\gamma$  was associated with a decrease in the frequency of tumor infiltrating Pmel<sup>Ag</sup>. We hypothesized that high levels of IFN- $\gamma$  had a detrimental effect on Pmel<sup>Ag</sup>, via induction of apoptosis. IFN- $\gamma$  is a multifunctional cytokine that induces a variety of contrasting cell responses such as proliferation or cell death. The cellular response to an IFN- $\gamma$  stimulus depends on the specific receptor being

activated, with IFN- $\gamma$ R1 inducing proliferation and IFN- $\gamma$ R2 inducing apoptosis.

## Results

We tested the hypothesis that the ability of T cells to survive *in vivo* after adoptive transfer was dependent on their susceptibility to IFN- $\gamma$ -induced apoptosis. Real time PCR revealed that the expression levels of IFN- $\gamma$ R1 and IFN- $\gamma$ R2 immediately following antigen or antigen+IL-12 priming were similar, though by 4d post adoptive transfer the tumor-infiltrating Pmel cells stimulated with antigen alone had 10 fold higher levels of IFN- $\gamma$ R2 than tumor associated Pmel<sup>Ag+IL-12</sup>.

## Conclusions

These results suggest that the enhanced anti-tumor activity of Pmel<sup>Ag+IL-12</sup> might be due to their decreased sensitivity to IFN- $\gamma$ -induced apoptosis. Thus inhibiting IFN- $\gamma$ -induced activation induced cell death (AICD) by down-regulating IFN- $\gamma$ R2 expression on T cells may represent a novel mechanism by which IL-12 enhances anti-tumor activity.

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